

Pathfinders - Never Eat Shredded Wheat





Overview

"Never Eat Shredded Wheat" is a thematic unit based around where food comes from, with a key focus on geography. It begins by looking at compass directions and locational language, before moving on to learning about continents and oceans. Physical and human geographical features are explored, and the UK is then examined more closely. The learning then moves on to where foods come from around the world.

How?

How can we find countries in the world?

- We can look at maps and globes to find out where countries are.
- Seas are coloured blue and countries are usually green, brown or yellow on maps.



What?

What are the four compass points?north, east, south and west

What are the four countries in the UK?

• The countries of the UK are England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

What are the names of the continents and oceans?

• There are seven continents in the world: Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, Australasia and five oceans: Arctic, Atlantic, Indian, Pacific, Southern



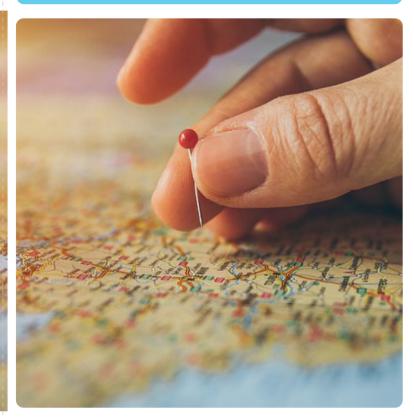
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How to...

...use a compass

• A compass always points north. Place the compass flat on your palm and find out where you are facing by seeing where the arrow points to. Practise walking north, east, south and west.



Concept Flow

- To know and use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational language (e.g. near and far) to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- To name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas
- To name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans
- To know, understand and apply basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features, including valley and coast
- To know, understand and apply basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features, including city, town, village, factory, farm
- To look at aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical features
- To learn where in the world foods come from

Vocabulary

Aerial view: a picture of something from above

Beach: usually made of sand or pebbles and slopes to meet the sea

Capital City: large place from where the government of a country functions

Compass: a tool for finding direction

Continent: a major area of land, made up of different countries

Direction: the path along which something moves, lies or points

Flag: a piece of cloth with a special design or colour that is used as a symbol of a nation

Human features: places and things that have been built or made by people

Itinerary: a planned route or journey

Landmark: something that is easy to see and can be used to find your way to a place near it

Locality: the area nearby

Location: a place or position

Map: an image of an area

Mountain: raised land, higher than a hill

Physical features: natural features

Vegetation: plants, trees and bushes

Village: a little town